

Moving Projects Forward: Leveraging Incentives to Minimize Costs

September 23, 2020 1p-2:15p



Agenda

1:00pm-1:05pm	Welcome & Introductions (5 minutes)
2:05pm-1:45pm	Panelist Presentations (40 min)
4 1:45pm-2:15pm	Q&A Session with Panelists (30 minutes)
2:15pm-2:20pm	Break (5 minutes)
1 2:20pm-3:00pm	Breakout Ask the Expert Sessions (40 minutes)



About This Session



Stuart Berjansky Technical Director DesignLights Consortium Utilities are concerned about managing the demand from growing energy loads in controlled environment agriculture and are eager to establish best practices to harvest energy savings. Most utilities are using custom programs to evaluate horticulture lighting installations and incentive applications. Learn from expert panelists which best practices are recommended/needed to maximize utility incentives and lower your capital costs.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

- Review the components of hort lighting application and understand how to meet the utility requirements in order to maximize incentives.
- Discover real examples of how industry experts have established best practices to harvest energy savings that result in higher incentives.
- Learn how to avoid pitfalls from utility early adopters in the incentive structure.

The Panel



Jeannie Leggett Sikora Energy Engineer CLEAResult®

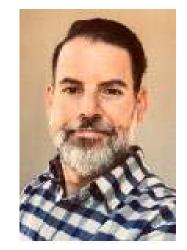


Michael Zartarian

Owner, Electrical/Horticultural Design Engineer Zartarian Engineering, LLC



Brady Nemeth Utility Rebate Coordinator Fluence Bioengineering



Bob Gunn Founder & Chief Executive Officer Seinergy



CLEAResult[®]

Moving Projects Forward: Leveraging Incentives to Minimize Costs

Jeannie Sikora, Senior Energy Engineer September 23, 2020

CLEAResult[®]



Indoor farming is one of the decade's hottest trends...

Laura Reily, The Washington Post – 11/19/2019

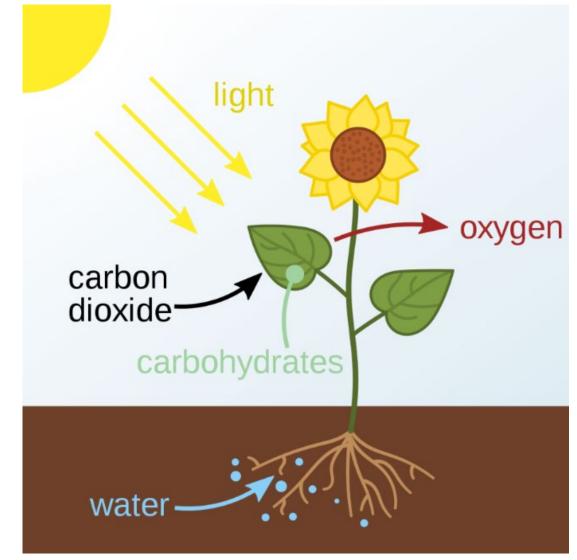


PLANT GROWTH - REFRESHER

Plants use Light, CO₂ and water

to make Biomass + O₂

Other factors Temperature Ability to move water Nutrients



By At09kg : originalWattcle : vector graphics - This file was derived from: Photosynthesis.gif:, CC BY-SA 4.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=49183032

CLEAResult[®]

© CLEAResult. All rights reserved. 7



Horticultural Lighting Terminology

Horticultural Lighting Term	Definition	Equivalent Term for Human Lighting	
Photosynthetically Active Radiation (PAR)	The spectral range of radiation, 400nm - 700nm, needed for plant growth	Visible Light	
Photosynthetic Photon Flux (PPF)	The rate of flow of photons from a light source within the PAR spectrum, µmol/s	Lumens	
Photosynthetic Photon Flux Density (PPFD)	PPF per unit of growth area, <i>µmol/m²/s</i>	Footcandle	
Photosynthetic Photon Efficacy (PPE)	Photon output per electrical input, <i>µmol/J</i> = PPF/Watt	Efficacy (lumens/watt)	
Photoperiod	Hours/day needed for the crop at each growth stage (at PPFD)	Operating Hours	
Daily Light Integral (DLI)	The sum of PPFD received in a day, in <i>mol/m²/day</i>		

$$DLI\left(\frac{mol}{m^2d}\right) = PPFD\left(\frac{\mu mol}{m^2S}\right) \times 3600 \frac{s}{hr} \times Photoperiod\left(\frac{hr}{day}\right) \times 1\frac{mol}{\mu mol}$$

CLEAResult[®]

Utility Incentives 101

Ratepayer funded public benefits programs

Program administration varies

Oversight from evaluators protects public benefits

Prescriptive measures from savings sources (TRMs)

Incentives are typically rebates or point of sale discounts

CLEAResult[®]

© CLEAResult. All rights reserved. 9

Utility Incentives for Horticultural Lighting – What's the Problem?

Haphazard administration

Utility programs lack information about new construction baselines

Projects don't fit into standard lighting programs

Custom projects can be burdensome

CLEAResult[®]

© CLEAResult. All rights reserved. 10

CLEARESULT'S SOLUTION – DEVELOP A SAVINGS METHODOLOGY

- Utility-driven need in east for horticultural lighting projects
- Establish baselines for new construction
- Outlines calculation methodology
- Takes grower preference for light intensity out of the equation
- Simplifies application processing

CLEAResult

• Documentation for evaluator review

	ABIS LIGHTIN
CLEARes	ult®
	ction Controlled Environment
Savings Calc	ighting – Methodology for ulation
February 5, 2020	
February 5, 2020	

NEW CONSTRUCTION

SAVINGS METHODOLOGY

New construction cannabis Baselines for

- Technology by growth stage
- PPE

CLEAResult[®]

 Default PPFD, photoperiod, and DLI
 Normalizes for the process input (PPFD) rather than setting caps Table 1. Default Properties for Common Baseline Horticultural Lighting Technologies^{5,6}

Baseline Technology	Light Source PPF (<u>µmol</u> (<u>s</u>)	Power Consumption <i>Watts</i> (<u>Fixture</u>)	PPE (<u>µmol</u>)	Photon Capture Efficiency
Fluorescent ⁷	48	58	0.84	94.3%
2x 315W Ceramic Metal Halide (CMH)	817	651	1.25	87%
Double-Ended 1000W High Pressure Sodium (HPS)	1759	1037	1.7	87%
Other		Per EDC gath	nering	

Table 2. Default Baseline Technology by Crop Growth Stage for Cannabis⁸

Growth Stage	Baseline Technology
Propagation, Seeding, Cloning	Fluorescent
Early Vegetative	СМН
Rooted and Container (Late veg)	СМН
Stock Plants (Mothers)	СМН
Flowering	HPS
Other	Per EDC data gathering

NEW CONSTRUCTION CANNABIS LIGHTING

CLEAResult[®]

New Construction Controlled Environment Agriculture Lighting – Methodology for Savings Calculation

February 5, 2020	
PREPARED BY CLEAR mult	
0.5AReut	We change the way people use energy [™]

OTHER SAVINGS VERIFICATION APPROACHES

- Measurement
- 1:1
- Midstream (Michigan)

CLEAResult®

Thank you

Jeannie Sikora Jeannie.Sikora@clearesult.com Direct (717) 292-8422

Mike Zartarian - Zartarian Engineering





What we see in our work - wait, what is our work?

- We are growers first
- New cultivation 'Horticultural Process' facility design
 - Both cannabis and veggies
- Existing cultivation retrofits and upgrades
- 'Ag' Commissioning and energy optimization
- LED fixture, sensor and cultivation equipment design





Indoor Agriculture Sectors: Less in common than meets the eye

Indoor Cannabis

- 50W/sf+
- High Margin
- Smaller operations (usually)

Indoor Comm Ag

- 10-15W/sf+
- Low Margin
- Many sizes and shapes



Greenhouse Cannabis

- 25W/sf+
- High Margin
- Larger operations (usually)

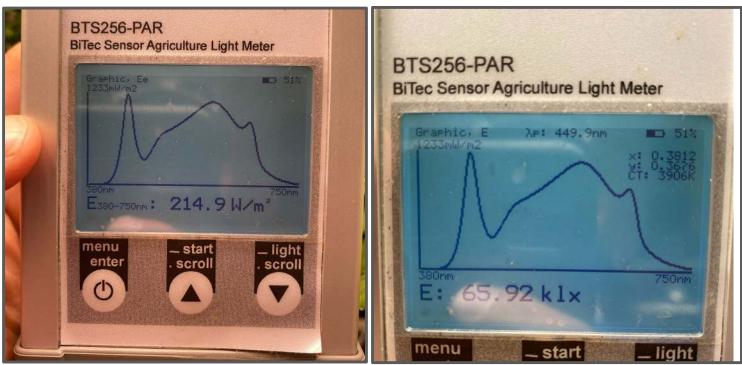
Greenhouse Comm Ag

- 10W/sf or less
- Low Margin

Greenhouse -> 4 season, sealed



Plants use a lot of light! Inside an Indoor Cannabis flowering room:



65k LUX! (1000 PAR)



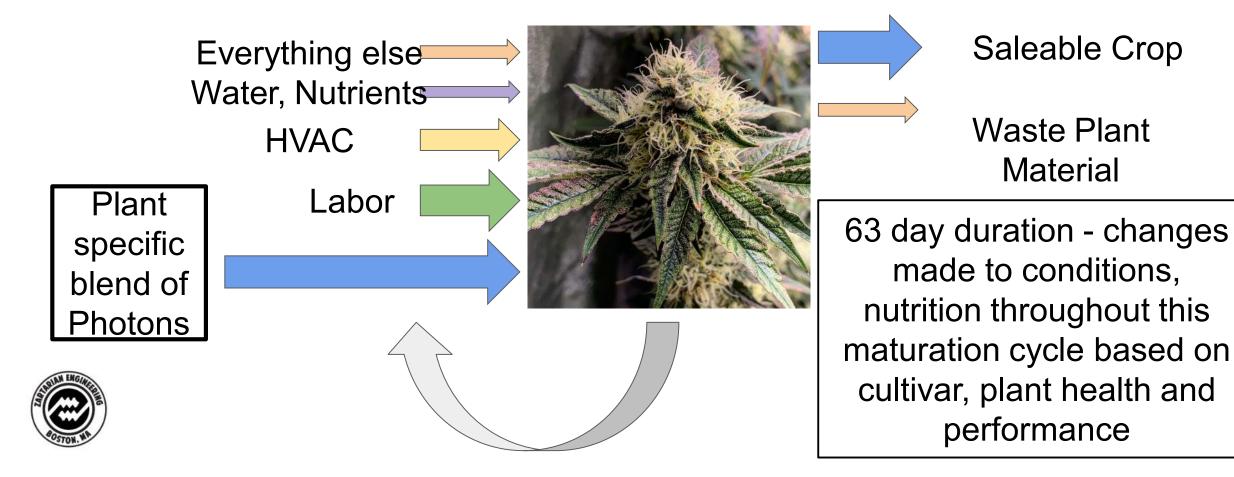
Over 200

(1000 PAR)

W/m2!

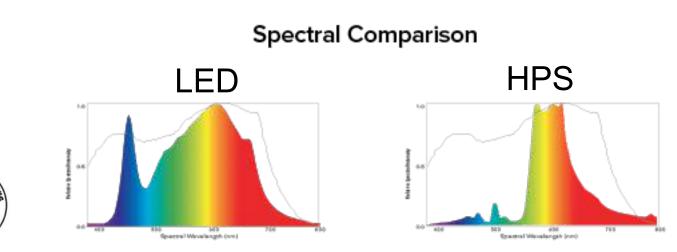
For reference:			
Laboratory (Professional)	75-120 FC	750-1200 lux	1.81

Light Energy as an Ag Process Input: Cannabis Example



Light Energy is a Plant's #1 Nutrient

- Cannabis has been bred under HID for 30 (indoor) years (150 lifetimes!)
- Nutrient programs were generally developed under HID
- Popular cultivars were selected under HID
- Industry knowledge base largely accumulated around HID
- Almost all cultivators honed their intuition and craft under HID





Inside the Mind of a Cannabis Cultivation Owner

- Compensation for lead growers is in part by yield -> "Stay the course!"
- Ownership has often not been involved in this kind of project
- Market is volatile!
- Acceptable payback periods are much shorter than other industries
- Downtime for retrofit is incredibly expensive -> factor into payback!
- A lot of regulatory overhead -> they will miss things and need reminders

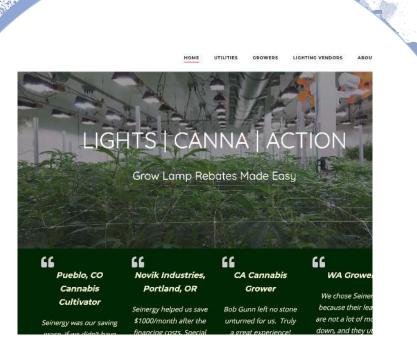




Thank You Mike Zartarian - Zartarian Engineering https://www.zartarianengineering.com/ z@zartarianengineering.com



SEINERGY



Bob Gunn, MBA, CEM

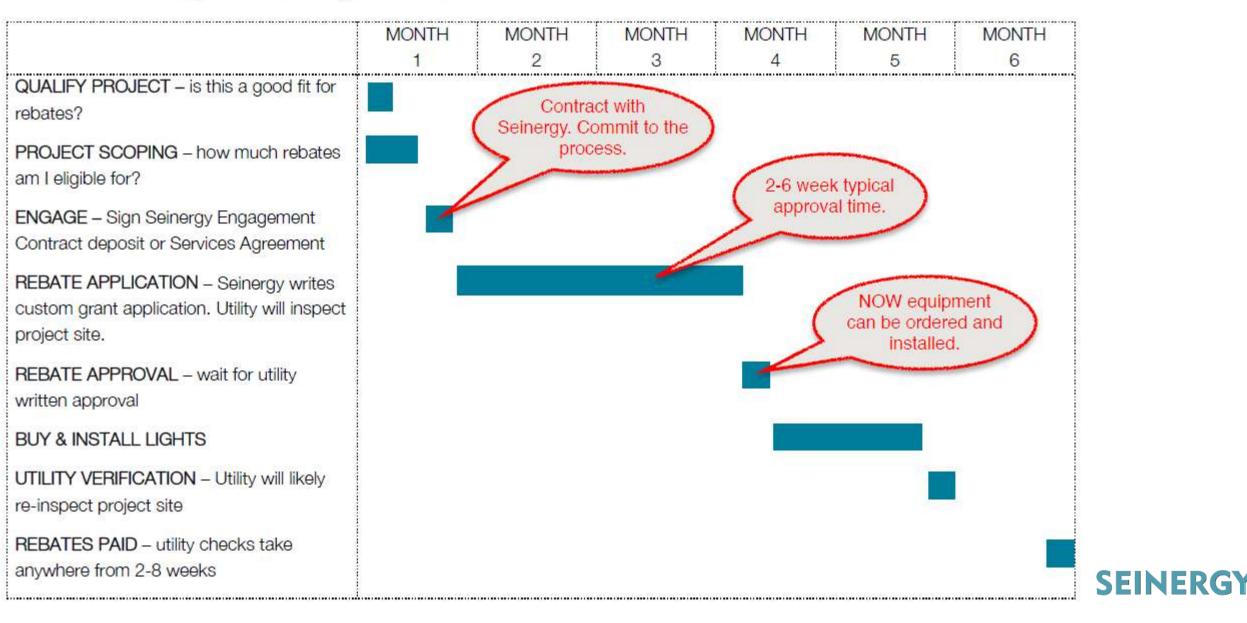
- 1. Working with utilities, representing growers
- 2. Concerns and Challenges
- 3. PPF Methodology
- 4. Lessons Learned: What Works
- 5. Customer Engagement
- 6. Expectation Setting

Working with Growers

- We spend a lot of time explaining:
 - <u>Who</u> are utilities
 - <u>Why</u> utilities pay incentives
 - <u>How</u> utilities value & calculate savings
 - Rules and Regs: (Influence, pre-approval, costs, inspections, timing)
 - The road ahead

Project Timeline – Energy Rebates

How long will it take to get a rebate check?





Grower Concerns

Can I actually get money?

How much rebate can I get?

How long will this take?

Can I increase light levels?

Who is getting up in my business?

Utility Challenges

Can we claim these savings?

How to model savings?

How do these facilities work?

What is the baseline?

How to engage customer? SEINERGY

Avoid

- 1. Recreating the wheel
- 2. Creating a <u>P</u>rogram
- 3. Using lighting terminology
- 4. Forcing technology on consumers

Try



- 1. Borrow from other utilities
- 2. Pilot; do custom!
- 3. Include new construction
- 4. Get to know your customers; ask for a tour, show up to learn





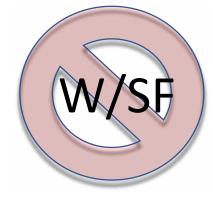
Savings Methodology Best Practices

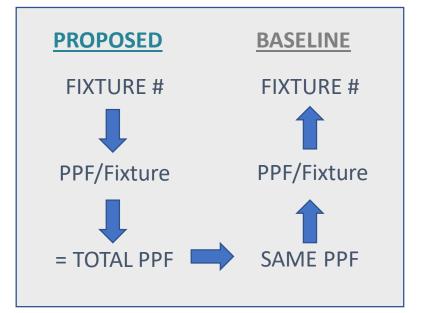
Focus on <u>Fixture Efficiency</u> (PPE, uMol/j)

- 1. Start with the proposed PP<u>F</u>
- 2. <u>Back into</u> the baseline fixture #

... x hours

... + HVAC savings







Set Expectations for Incentives



NERGY

Growers, manufacturers, energy consultants, finance – we'd like to know what to expect.

- What is in your fine print?
- \$/kWh
- \$/kW
- Cost cap \$
- Cost cap %
- Payback min/max
- Equipment qualifications
- Timelines: approvals & payment
- Time to install once approved
- Contracts, documents

- Influence & free ridership
- HVAC savings
 - Do you claim them?
 - Will you pay for them?
- Partial payouts policy?
- Baseline
 - Technology and costs
 - We propose, or TRM?
- Timelines: approvals, payment

Customer Engagement

- Show up to learn
 - Join business association
 - Attend conferences
 - Talk to supply chain
- Dedicated web content
 - Horticulture specific
 - Say "cannabis"!
 - Online calculators, glossary, energy education & literacy
 - Rates, hookups, backup power, safety

SEINERGY

Thank you!

LIGHTS CANNA ACTION

Grow Lamp Rebates Made Easy

Bob Gunn bob@Seinergy.com

SEINERGY

Pueblo, CO Cannabis Cultivator

Seinergy was our saving

bb Novik Industries, Portland, OR

Seinergy helped us save \$1000/month after the financing costs. Special CA Cannabis Grower

Bob Gunn left no stone unturned for us. Truly a great experience!

WA Growe

61

We chose Seiner, because their lea. are not a lot of mc down, and they ut

MOVING PROJECTS FORWARD: LEVERAGING INCENTIVES TO MINIMIZE COSTS



BRADY NEMETH

Utility Rebate Coordinator



AGENDA

- Our method for claiming savings
- Common challenges unique to the CEA space
 - Retrofit customers who are underlit
 - Baselines that aren't clear
 - Lighting changes are <u>process</u> changes
- Calls to action
 - For horticultural lighting manufacturers
 - For end users/growers
 - For utilities





CLAIMING ENERGY SAVINGS

Lighting Design

- 1. Get target PPFD from customer
- 2. Model desired PPFD with legacy technology
- **3.** Model desired PPFD with proposed solution
- Align with third party fixture values when possible

Standard Practice - Cannabis

- 18-24 hours/day for propagation
- 18/hours hours for veg
- 12 hours/day for flower

Economic Analysis of Greenhouse Lighting: Light Emitting Diodes vs. High Intensity Discharge Fixtures

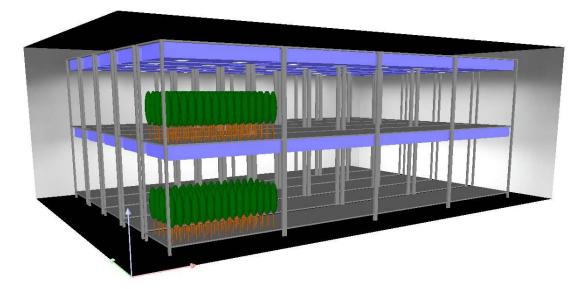
Nelson and Bugbee (2014)

Lamp type and Ballast	Fixture producer ^z	Electrical input (J/s or watts)	Photon output ^y (µmol/s)	Photon efficiency [×] (µmol/J)
High Pressure Sodium				
400 W magnetic	Sunlight Supply	443	416	0.94
1000 W magnetic	Sunlight Supply	1067	1090	1.02
1000 W magnetic	PARsource GLXI	1004	1161	1.16
1000 W electronic	PARsource GLXI	1024	1333	1.30
1000 W electronic	PARsource GLXII	1026	1334	1.30
1000 W electronic	Gavita	1033	1751	1.70
1000 W electronic	ePapillon	1041	1767	1.70
Ceramic Metal Halide				
315 W 3100 K	Cycloptics	337	491	1.46
315 W 4200 K	Cycloptics	340	468	1.38
2@315 W 3100 K	Boulderlamp	651	817	1.25
Fluorescent				
400 W induction	iGrow	394	374	0.95
60 W	Т8	58	48	0.84



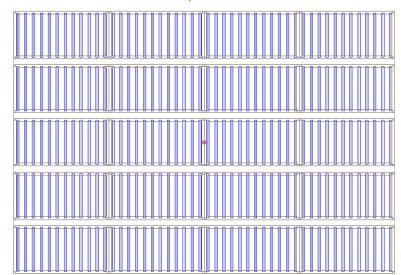
Top View

HPS 40 1000W DE HPS per tier



	e	I	I		I	I	1
		I	I		I	I	1
	 =	I	I		I	I	
			L	L			L
L			L	L			L

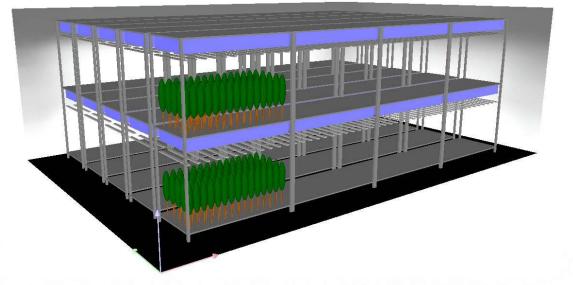
Top View

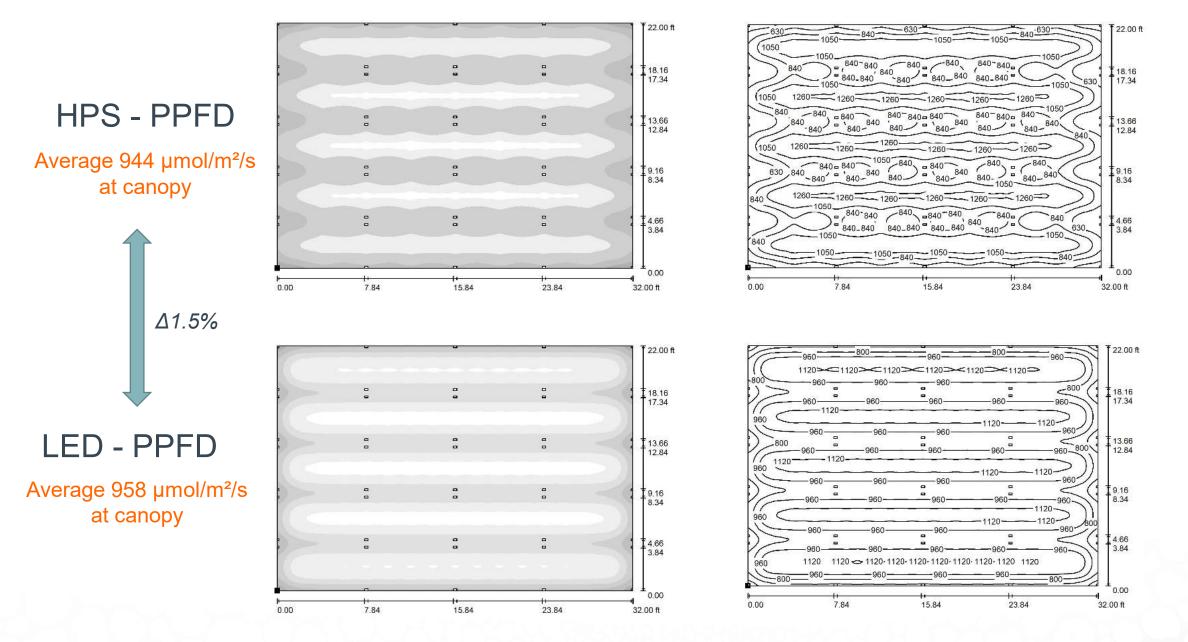






40 SPYDR 2i per tier







23 September | CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY | 36 2020

ENERGY SAVINGS

- Energy savings from going above and beyond the baseline
 - Standard practice
- kWh | kW | kWh + kW
- First year savings claimed only

Fixture	Watts per fixture	# of Fixtures	Annual Hours	Total kW	Total kWh
1000W DE HPS	1080	80	4,380	86.4	378,432
Fixture	Watts per fixture	# of Fixtures	Annual Hours	Total kW	Total kWh
SPYDR 2i	631	80	4,380	50.48	221,102
			kW Red	uced kV	Vh Saved
			35.92	2	157,330







CHALLENGE

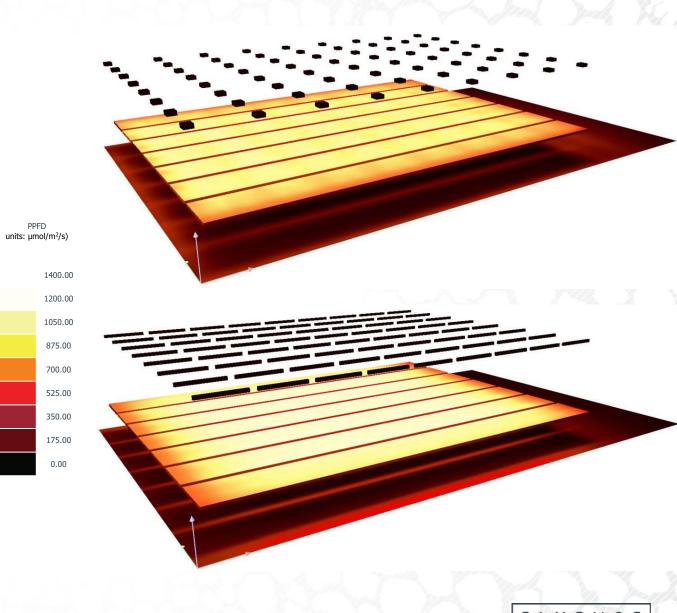
UNDERLIT RETROFIT CUSTOMERS







Metric	HPS	LED	Δ
Fixture Quantity	72	72	N/A
Room PPF (µmol/s)	126,000	122,400	-2.86%
PPFD Average (µmol/m²/s)	888	889	+0.1%
Total Electrical Input (W)	77,760	45,432	-41%
Lighting Power Density (W/ft ²)	69.4	40.6	-41%
Fixture Mounting Height	3' from Canopy	3' from Canopy	N/A
Canopy Size (ft ²)	1,120	1,120	N/A





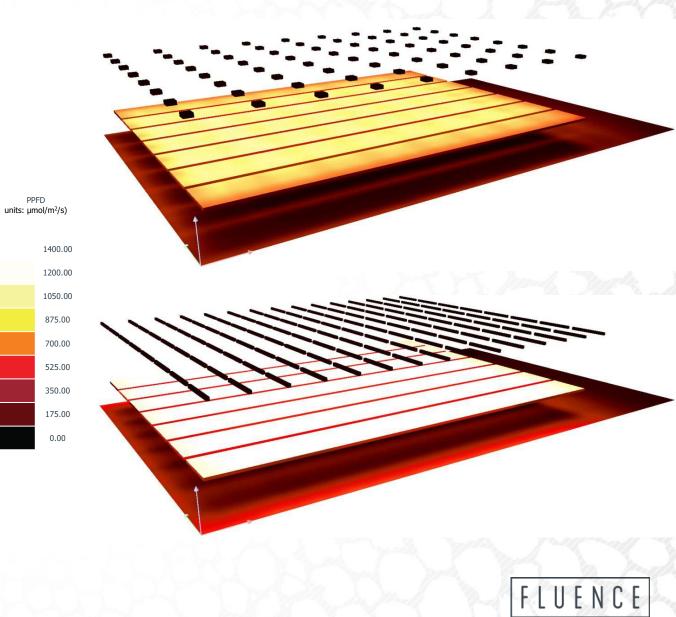




Metric	HPS	LED	Δ
Fixture Quantity	72	120	N/A
Room PPF (µmol/s)	126,000	204,000	61.9%
PPFD Average (µmol/m²/s)	888	1,453	63.62%
Total Electrical Input (W)	77,760	75,720	-2.6%
Lighting Power Density (W/ft ²)	69.4	67.6	-2.6%
Fixture Mounting Height	3' from canopy	3' from canopy	N/A
Canopy Size (ft ²)	1,120	1,120	N/A

PPFD

0.00









CHALLENGE

UNCLEAR BASELINES





INTERCANOPY LIGHTING



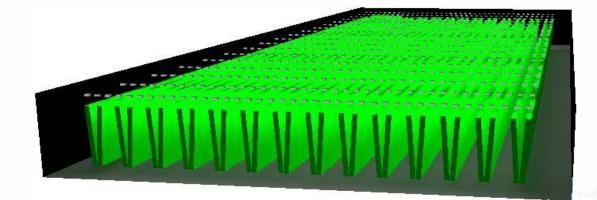




INTERCANOPY LIGHTING SCENARIO

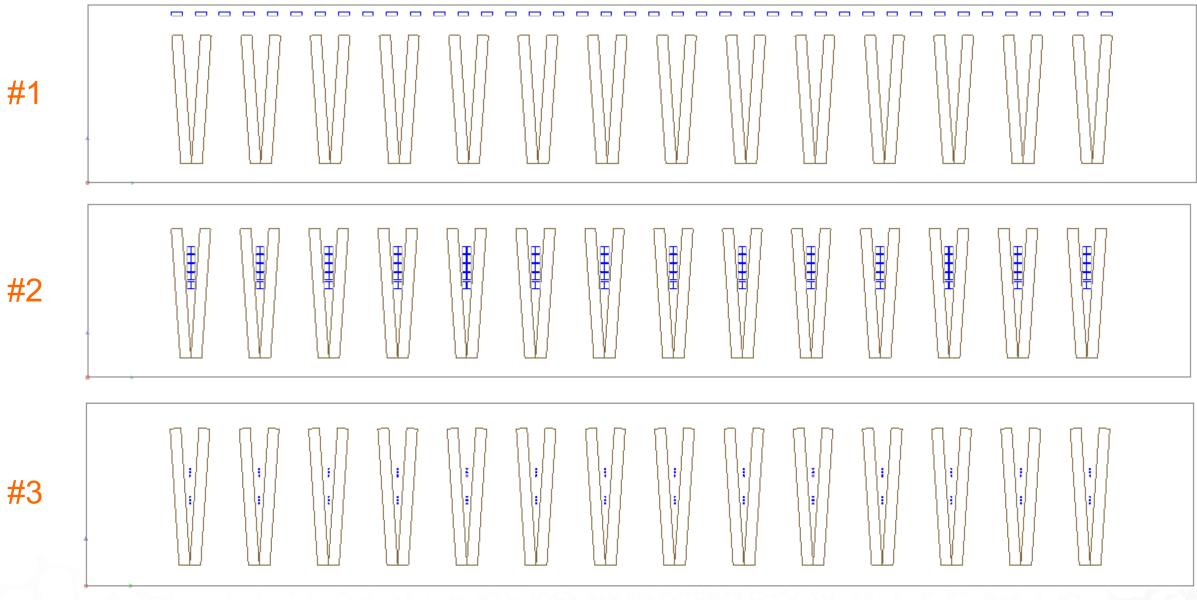
After initial dissatisfaction with the baseline an implementer chose, we provided the utility with three possible baseline scenarios:

- 1. Industry Standard Practice
 - Toplighting
- 2. Shielded fluorescent lamps
 - Intercanopy using legacy technology



- 3. Unshielded fluorescent lamps
 - Intercanopy using "inflated" legacy technology







BASELINE SUMMARY

1. Industry Standard Practice

 \circ Toplighting

- 2. Shielded fluorescent lamps
 - $\circ~$ Intercanopy using legacy technology

- 3. Unshielded fluorescent lamps
 - Intercanopy using "inflated" legacy technology

\frown		
	500 Annual Hours of Operation	
kWh Saved	Proposed kWh	Baseline kWh
1,253,840	409,360	1,663,200
	500 Annual Hours of Operation	
kWh Saved	Proposed kWh	Baseline kWh
839,965	409,360	1,249,325
	500 Annual Hours of Operation	
kWh Saved	Proposed kWh	Baseline kWh
419,594	409,360	828,954





CHALLENGE

HORTICULTURAL LIGHTING CHANGES ARE PROCESS CHANGES





Process Improvements

Both previous "case studies" are good examples:

- Increasing PPFD because you have a crop that can grow under much higher light intensity with favorable results
 - Going from single tier to multi tier in the same space
- Changing from toplight to intercanopy lighting because technology allows for closer deployment with less loss of light

New research brings new process changes all the time:

 Increasing photoperiod in some crops found to have no detrimental affect to plant



Call to Action

Manufacturers

- Participate in industry dialogue about codes, standards, and regulations
- Be unbiased subject matter experts for utilities

Growers

 Reach out proactively to your utility – you need them in your corner

Utilities

- Make yourselves visible and welcoming to the growing community...including cannabis. If you don't have a landing page for growers, get one!
- Don't forget non-commercial growers







MORE QUESTIONS? CONTACT:

brady.nemeth@fluencebioengineering.com

CONNECT WITH BRADY:

in <u>www.linkedin.com/in/brady-nemeth</u>



Q&A

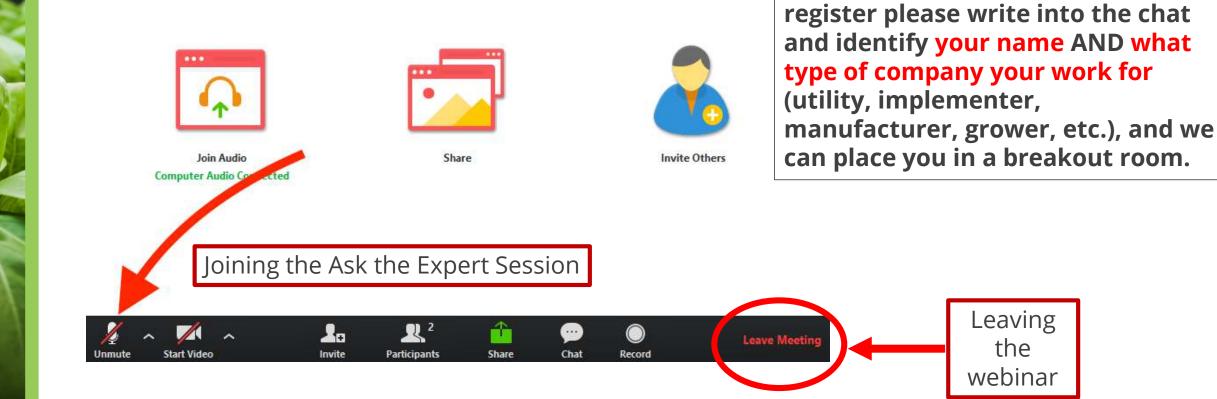
- Unmute and ask questions
 OR
- Send chat





Thank you!

Post-Event Survey: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/27ZXKPH





* If you'd like to join the Ask the

Expert session but did not pre-

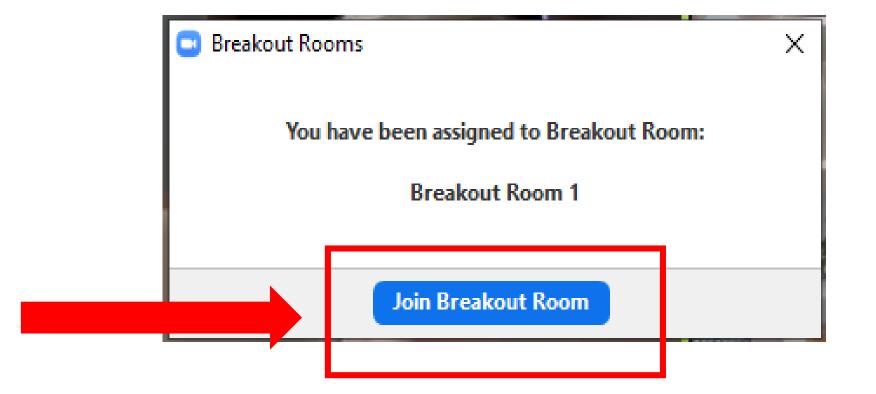
5 Minute Break



- Please do not leave the meeting
 Muto and
- Mute and stop sharing your video
- We will move to breakout sessions next



Discussion Sessions





Next Steps

- Thank you for your participation!
- Post-Event Survey: <u>https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/27ZXKPH</u>
- Upcoming speaking engagements from the DLC staff:
 - Leora Radetsky at HortiCann on Oct. 21st



 Kasey Holland at Research Innovation Institute's workshop, State of the Market: Liquid Cooled Horticultural LED Lighting on Oct. 27th





